TECHNOLOGY INNOVATION & GAMING LAW GREG GEMIGNANI	

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RECAP

- Classes are live
- Guest speaker recording may not be permitted for some guests
- Pacing and schedule may change

RECAP	
• Exam will be heavy on multiple choice	
• No mid-term	
• No quizzes	
Grades will be based on exam and participation	-
Working on adding classes for: Lobbying	
Jargon & Industry Terms	
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RECAP	
• Syllabus	
Syllabos	
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THE BACKGROUND	

FUNDAMENTALS	
 For those of you new to gaming law courses, what is gambling? 	
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(hint, this is an opportunity to participate)	
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FUNDAMENTALS	
• For those of you new to gaming law courses, can you identify some different	
types of gaming or gambling?	
(hint - this is an opportunity to participate)	
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- For those of you new to gaming law courses, can you identify some different types of gaming or gambling?
 - Lotteries
 - Games of Chance
 - Sports Wagering
 - Pari-mutuel Wagering
 - Bookmaking

FUNDAMENTALS

- Lotteries
 - Usually defined under U.S. law as a form of gambling where participants part with some valuable consideration for the opportunity to win a valuable prize where the award of such prize is based purely on chance.
- Games of Chance
 - Usually defined under U.S. law as a form of gambling where participants part with some valuable consideration for the opportunity to win a valuable prize where the award of such prize is based to some degree on chance.

Consideration Chance Prize

FUNDAMENTALS	
Sports Wagering	
 Often defined as an activity where a patron risks some valuable consideration for the 	
opportunity to win a valuable prize where the prize award is based on the outcome of a sporting event, athletic event or other event determined outside the control of the patron.	
Pari-mutuel Wagering	
 Often defined as an activity where a patron risks some valuable consideration for the opportunity to win a valuable prize funded by other patrons where the prize award is based 	
on the outcome of a racing event, sporting event, athletic event or other event determined	
outside the control of the patron.	
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FUNDAMENTALS	
Bookmaking	
Accepting wagers on event (even an event of skill)	
Recording wagers on an event (even an event of skill)	
Holding stakesDistributing stakes	
 Example: https://legislature.ca.gov/faces/codes_displaySeation.xhtml?lawCode=PEN&sectionN 	
um=337 <u>a</u>	
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- Research suggests that gambling instincts occur even in primates.
 - In 2005 researchers Michael Platt and Allison McCoy, from Duke University, published findings in the journal Nature Neuroscience that monkeys when presented with two targets that rewarded the monkey with juice, overwhelmingly chose the riskier target with a variable return (often less juice) than the target with a consistent reward of juice.
 - According to Platt, "Basically these monkeys really liked to gamble. There was something intrinsically rewarding about choosing a target that offered a variable juice reward, as if the variability in rewards that they experienced was in itself rewarding."

- Gaming has been around as long as people have been around.
- Archeological and historical evidence suggests gambling in some form occurred in most ancient cultures.



HISTORY

HISTORY	



HISTORY

- When they came to the place called the Skull, they crucified him and the criminals there, one and the sight, the other on his left. [Then Jesus standard manufacture in Father, forgive them, they know not what they are manufacture in the sight m • When they came to the place called the
 - "Casting lots" appears in frequent relig



- Gambling isn't new
- Gambling analysis, game mathematics and probability studies are recorded as early as the 16th century.



HISTORY

- Gambling statutes and laws existed as far back as Roman times.
- Other cultures predating Roman culture likely had gaming laws and rules; however, the Romans left behind definitive proof and documentation.



HISTORY

 What gaming issues do you think were of concern in Roman times?

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- Issues during Roman times:
 - · Games and fairness
 - Distinguishing fair permitted wagering from unfair wagering
 - · Integrity of wagering events
 - · Sports/Athletic integrity
 - · Problem gambling and gambling debts

- At times, Roman law prohibited all forms of gambling other than betting on racing.
- Roman law prohibited the enforcement of gambling debts and allowed the family of gamblers to recover damages for losses.

HISTORY

 Wagering on chariot racing, horses, and athletic combat was common in Ancient Rome.



 At its height, Rome itself had 7 different race tracks. This was a popular sport and a popular wagering activity for Romans.



HISTORY



 As the Roman Republic and Empire spread, so did the Roman past times of gambling.

HISTORY

 An inscription on the mosaic of an African bath house says of a favorite horse: "Vincas, non vincas, te amamus, Polydoxe!": Win or lose we love you Polydoxes!



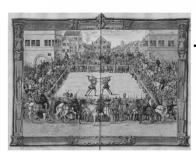


 As Roman influence receded, gambling was one of the cultural aspects of Roman life that endured beyond Roman rule

HISTORY

 The English adopted laws consistent with Roman laws for various forms of gaming, in particular horse racing and athletic combat





Gambling in the middle ages was divided in part by economic class. The rich indulged in wagering on horse racing, cock fighting or other blood sports, while the poor often engaged in dice games.

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WHY IS THIS RELEVANT?	
I THOUGHT I WAS TAKING A TECH AND INNOVATION CENTRIC COURSE	
THE THREADS OF HISTORY INFLUENCE OUR PAST,	
PRESENT AND FUTURE	
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HISTORY	
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Roman law prohibits the collection of gaming debts and allows families to recover certain	
gambling losses • In England, Statute of Anne adopts Roman law	
into formal statute to prohibit the collection of gaming debts and allowing families to recover	-
property lost through gambling	
 In 1864, the Nevada constitution adopts the laws of England at the time of statehood as the 	
common law of the State of Nevada	

THE BASICS			
Until the 1980s, Nevada common law held all gambling debts to be unenforceable			

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CONSIDERATION	
CONSIDERATION	
For those of you new to gaming law courses, what do you think	
qualifies as consideration for a gambling analysis?	
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(hint, this is an opportunity to participate)	
CONSIDERATION	
CONTROL	
• The payment of money?	
• The forfeiture of property?	
 The forfeiture of opportunity? 	
• A change in position?	
• A promise?	
Substantial effort?	
Minimal effort?	
Benefit to a promoter?	
Benefit to a third party?	
 Benefit to any third party? 	
CONSIDERATION	
A Coulder Asselves houseness	
Cudd v. Aschenbrenner	
• Facts	

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CONSIDERATION	
CONSIDERATION	
Cudd v. Aschenbrenner	
Facts Contest at grocery store conducted by random drawing	
 Participants must fill in a form with name, address, and telephone number and receive 	
 a coupon with numbers on the edge To be eligible to win, the coupon must be validated each week (except on 	
Wednesdays when drawings are held).	
 Participants must be present to win No purchase at any store is required 	
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CONSIDERATION	
Cudd v. Aschenbrenner	
Operative Statute	-
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CONSIDERATION	
Cudd v. Aschenbrenner	
 Can anyone make arguments that the scheme is a gambling event? 	

CONSIDERATION Consid		
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CONSIDERATION • Cudd v. Aschenbrenner • Herv did the Court deside the invest		
• Cudd v. Aschenbrenner • How did the Court decide the issue?	 Can anyone make arguments that the scheme is NOT a gambling event? 	
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How did the Court decide the issue?	CONSIDERATION	
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CONSIDERATION	
Seattle Times v. Tielsch	
• Facts	
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CONSIDERATION	
Seattle Times v. Tielsch	
Since 1939, and including 1970, the news paper has sponsored a contest called 'Guest-Guesses' the rules ontay forms and results of which are printed in plaintiff's power area.	
Guesser', the rules, entry forms and results of which are printed in plaintiff's newspaper • Football pick'em contest open to anyone over 12	
The rules provide that entries may be made on facsimiles of the same dimensions as the	
printed coupons with the teams listed in exactly the same sequence	
 Squares for each team and ties must be drawn so that the square on the facsimiles line up 	
exactly with those on the printed coupon. Reproductions made by duplicating devices, including carbon paper are not eligible.	
No purchase of the paper is necessary to enter	
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CONSIDERATION	
Seattle Times v. Tielsch	
Operative Law:	
The state constitution forbids lotteries	
Seattle city ordinance prohibits conducting a lottery	-
 State law prohibits conducting a lottery, defined as "a scheme for the distribution of money or property by chance, among persons who have paid or agreed to pay a valuable 	
consideration for the chance, whether it shall be called a lottery, raffle, gift enterprise, or by	
any other name"	

CONSIDERATION	
Seattle Times v. Tielsch	
Can anyone make an argument that the football contest is gambling?	
CONSIDERATION	
CONSIDERATION	
Seattle Times v. Tielsch	
Can anyone make an argument that the football contest is NOT gambling?	
CONSIDERATION	
Troy Amusement v. Attenweiler	
• Facts	
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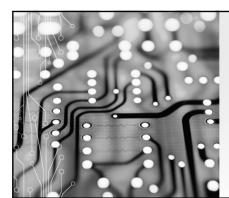
CONSIDERATION	
Troy Amusement v. Attenweiler	
• Facts	
Theater owner runs a Bank Night promotion	
The promotion allows anyone to sign up for a drawing (no purchase necessary) A nightly drawing is held and the winner has 3 minutes to claim the prize from the	
time the winning number is announced both inside and outside the theater	
If the winner is outside the theater, they are allowed in at no charge to collect the	
prize	
CONCIDEDATION	
CONSIDERATION	
Troy Amusement v. Attenweiler	
• Facts	
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CONSIDERATION	
CONTROL	
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Troy Amusement v. Attenweiler Issue	

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CONSIDERATION	
CONSIDERATION	
Troy Amusement v. Attenweiler	
 Issue The court states that three essential elements of a lottery are (1) prize, (2) chance and (3) 	
consideration. The first two elements being conceded, the question before that court was whether there was a consideration, moving from the recipients of the tickets, to the defendants.	
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CONSIDERATION	
Troy Amusement v. Attenweiler Consequence of the state had a label at the part of the state had a label at the part of the state had a label at the part of the state had a label at the part of the state had a label at the part of the state had a label at the part of the state had a label at the part of the state had a label at the part of the state had a label at the part of the state had a label at the part of the state had a label at the part of the state had a label at the part of the state had a label at the state had a label a	
 Can anyone make an argument that the bank night contest is gambling? 	
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CONSIDERATION	
Troy Amusement v. Attenweiler	
Can anyone make an argument that the bank night contest is NOT gambling?	

CONSIDERATION	
CONSIDERATION	
Troy Amusement v. Attenweiler	
What was the Court's holding?	
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CONSIDERATION	
• Troy Amusement v. Attenweiler	
 It is only necessary that the person entering the competition shall do something or give up some right sufficient to comply with that requirement. 	
 Nor does the benefit to the person offering the prize need be directly dependent upon 	
the furnishing of a consideration. Advertising and the sales resulting thereby, based upon a desire to get something for nothing, are amply sufficient as a motive.	
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CONSIDERATION	
• Troy Amusement v. Attenweiler	
 The plaintiff has asserted that if it is deprived of the right to operate the scheme it will lose thousands of dollars. Whose thousands of dollars does it lose that are paid in excess of what would be paid were the scheme not in operation? Manifestly, the money 	
excess of what would be paid were the scheme not in operations. Maintestry, the money of the patrons who have been lured, by a hope of winning, to go to the picture house in larger numbers than if there were no prize offered	
The element of advertisement and increased patronage is sufficient consideration flowing	
to the operator to bring the transaction within the condemnation of promoting and advertising a scheme of chance.	

CONSIDERATION - SUMMATION

- Primary Theories
 - Valuable Consideration parting of something of marketable value, usually money.
 - Contract Consideration consideration sufficient to create a binding obligation or agreement.
 - · Promoter Benefit
 - *WIS STAS \$945(5)(b) 1. "Consideration" in this subsection means anything which is a commercial or financial advantage to the promoter or a disadvantage to any participant, but does not include any advantage to the promoter or disadvantage to any participant caused when any participant learns from exespents, magazines and other periodicals, radio or television where to send the participant's name and address to the promoter.



NEXT CLASS

• LIVE